



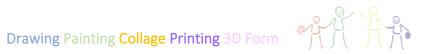
Art Coverage and Progression Framework

For EYFS, Key Stage 1 & Key Stage 2 2024

At St. John's, we aim to develop a lifelong love and appreciation of art and design by providing children with an exciting and stimulating art curriculum. We want to equip them with the knowledge and skills to experiment, explore, take risks, invent and create. We recognise creative and artistic intelligence and aim to nurture it at every opportunity. We explore art through the different curriculum areas making conceptual links where appropriate. All children will be challenged as appropriate for their age and stage of development. Children from nursery to year 6 explore the seven formal elements of art through the progression of knowledge and skills covering five mediums; drawing, painting, collage, printing and 3D form. Children are encouraged to express themselves creatively, develop their ideas and record their experiences. This enables them to be authentic and explore their own identity as well as being curious about, respecting and connecting with others.

From year 1 onwards, children use sketchbooks to document their learning and creative journeys, where they have the opportunity to practise, review and revisit their ideas. We aim to give children access to a range of memorable experiences such as artist visits, art exhibitions, competitions, theme days and extra-curricular clubs. Children also spend time learning about a diverse range of artists linked to the five different mediums and are encouraged to 'read' the stories that artists tell. They learn how to be 'art detectives' and use the 'clues' present in the details of many great artworks.

Golden Threads and Foundations of Art



	Autumn 1	А	utumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS			_	vered repeatedly throughout the ivity trackers, MTPs and see belo	= -		
	Geography History Christmas RE – Nativity Scene						Self Portraits
Year 1	Observational Drawing – London Landmarks	Remembrance – Poppy Printing	Drawing – Christmas Tree Scratch Art/Line Drawing	History - The Great Fire of Lon Painting – London Landscape History - The Great Fire of Lon Collage – London Landscape		International Arts Day	
Year 2	Geography Collage - Biomes	History Remembrance – Poppy Printing	Christmas Drawing – Stained Glass Christmas Card	Easter Card Painting			Self Portraits International Arts Day
Year 3		History Remembrance – Poppy Collage	Christmas Drawing – 3D Sphere/Bauble	History – Stone Age Sculpture – Clay Figures			Self Portraits International Arts Day
Year 4		History Remembrance – Clay Poppies	Christmas Painting & Collage - Nativity Scene	History – Julius Caesar Charcoal Drawing			Self Portraits International Arts Day
Year 5	History Remembrance – Poppy Printing – Poly tiles		Christmas – Drawing – Local Landscape Christmas –	History – Ancient Greece Sculpture – Greek Parthenon		Self Portraits International Arts	
			Painting – Starry Night				Day
Year 6		Christmas Drawing – Observat Holly/Poinsettia Pla Painting – Use draw Christmas card		History – WW2/Battle of Brita Screen Printing (Visiting artist			Self Portraits International Arts Day



Progression in Art Skills and Knowledge

To facilitate progression in learning and pave the way for future learning, we have carefully designed our art units. To achieve this, we have explicitly defined the required knowledge, skills, specific vocabulary, and the way in which the Golden Threads of Art are interwoven throughout the curriculum. To enrich our art program, we also consider cross-curricular opportunities, organise visits and invite visitors, and identify suitable books, tutorials that could be utilized as resources. This document provides an overview of the key components of each art unit.



Nursery: Drawing

Overview of Learning: Children are becoming familiar with mark making and exploring the tools and resources available to them to do this. They are beginning to express themselves creatively through drawing and are able to use a pen/pencil to draw a picture that holds meaning to them. Most children are able to talk about their drawings.

about their drawings.				
By the end of Nursery, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of Nursery, children should be able to: (skills)			
• I know where the creative area is and how to use the different resources in	 Explore the creative area using the different resources (N2 FM) 			
there. (N2 FM)	Represent familiar objects (family, themselves, animals etc) through			
• I know different objects can be used to draw – pencil, pens, chalk. (N2 TM)	independent drawing (N2 FiM)			
• I know that an artist is someone who creates art for their job.	Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express			
	them. (N2 FiM)			
	Create a piece of art in the style of a famous artist.			
	Say what they like about a picture they have drawn.			
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:			
• I know where the creative area is and how to use the different resources in	Draw, pencil, pen, crayon, hold, grip, paper, point, line, picture, chalk, art, artist.			
there. (N2 FM)				
• I know different objects can be used to draw – pencil, pens, chalk. (N2 TM)				
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:			
Fine and gross motor development	Drawing from observation – Reception			
	Letter formation			
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:			
Children are exposed to a range of artists and art movements through books,	CLL - Story Dough, mark making			
animations and imagery. They also have their own 'Artists Who Inspire Us' book	UTW – Families, Plants and animals			
that they share during learning time which includes artists who work in the 5				
mediums; drawing, painting, print, collage, 3D Form.				
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):			
	Visiting author/illustrator			
Snail Trail: In Search of a Modern Masterpiece, Jo Saxon.				



Reception: Drawing

Overview of Learning: Children are given the opportunity to continue to explore their own creativity. They are able to draw with more control adding meaningful detail to their drawings. Children are taught about observational drawing and are encouraged to look carefully at the subject as they draw. Children are supported to be able to talk about their drawings and explain the process they have used.

to be able to talk about their drawings and explain the process they have used.							
By the end of Reception, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of Reception, children should be able to: (skills)						
• I know how to use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and	Represent familiar objects through independent drawing (FM)						
pencils. (FM Move)	• Draw a representation of themselves understanding they need a head, arms, legs						
 I know I can draw shapes/marks to represent objects/people (FM) 	etc. (SM)						
• I know different objects can be used to draw (FM)	Use objects and famous artists to inspire own art (TM)						
	Have a go at drawing an object from observation (Fi)						
	• Share their creations, explaining the process they have used (ELG)						
	Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques,						
	experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. (ELG)						
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:						
• I know how to use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and	Fingers, thumb, grip, pencil, chalk, crayon, draw, image, line, dot, artist, portrait,						
pencils. (FM Move)	observe.						
• I know I can draw shapes/marks to represent objects/people (FM)							
• I know different objects can be used to draw (FM)							
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:						
Correct use of creative resources	• Line drawing Y1						
Represent familiar objects through independent drawing	Observational Drawing Y1						
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:						
Children are exposed to a range of artists and art movements through books such	Physical – Fine motor and gross motor skills						
as Matisse's Magical Trail, animations, imagery and theme days. They also have	UTW – Observational drawing of vehicles, animals, plants						
their own 'Artists Who Inspire Us' book that they share during learning time	CLL – Drawing Club						
which includes artists who work in the 5 mediums; drawing, painting, print,							
collage, 3D Form.							
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):						
The Dot by Peter H Reynolds	Drawing landscapes of Penistone						
The Day the Crayons Quit by Drew Daywalt	Barnsley Rotary Club Art Competition						
The Pencil by Alan Ahlberg	Penistone Arts Week						
Red a Crayon's Story by Michael Hall	Author draw along						
• Ish, Peter H Reynolds <u>Ish - Book Read Aloud - YouTube</u>							



Year 1: Drawing

Overview of Learning: Children are taught about drawing from observation and what this means, they are encouraged to experiment with different types of line and demonstrate their ability to use different styles of line in a piece of art.									
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By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)								
 Christmas Card I know how to hold a pencil and move my hand so that I can draw lines that are straight, curved and zig-zagged. I know that sharp pencils draw fine lines and thick crayons draw thicker lines. I know that an observational drawing is where you have to look at the subject that you are drawing and draw 	 Christmas Card Explore using different lines in my sketchbook Draw using different types of line to create a piece of art. Compare different pieces of art by Joan Miro and say why I like/dislike about them. 								
exactly what you see.									
• I know that Joan Miro was an artist who created line drawings and paintings									
based on dreams.									
Self Portrait I know what a mirror image is and can use a mirror correctly to help me explain this. I know what a self-portrait is and can talk about why we use the paper in a portrait orientation.	Self Portrait • Draw my facial features carefully using a light pencil line then add colour using a mirror image to help me.								
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:								
 Christmas Card I know how to hold a pencil and move my hand so that I can draw lines that are straight, curved and zig-zagged. I know that different drawing materials draw different lines. I know that an observational drawing is where you have to look at the subject that you are drawing and draw exactly what you see. I know that Joan Miro was an artist who created line drawings. Self Portrait I know what a mirror image is. I know what a self-portrait is. 	Point, fine, thick, blunt, zig-zag, wavy, straight, mirror image, observation.								



Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:
Fine motor skill activities	Tone and Shading Y2
Correct pencil grip	Observational drawing Y3
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:
Joan Miro	Geography – Drawing London landmarks
	Maths – Reflection
	Self Portrait - PSED - Transition
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):
Book - Miro's Magic Animals	Barnsley Rotary Club Art Competition
	Penistone Arts Week
Easy Joan Miro Art Project and Joan Miro Coloring Page (artprojectsforkids.org)	Draw along author event
Artist demonstration: 3 ways to challenge yourself - National Portrait Gallery	
(npg.org.uk) – Self Portrait Preparation	
CBeebies Pablo - Live Lesson - BBC Teach	



Year 2: Drawing								
Overview of Learning: Children begin to explore the meaning of tone and how to create this themselves in a piece of art.								
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)							
Christmas Card	Christmas Card							
• I know what a stained glass window is.	Begin to show dark and light (building up to shading) by applying appropriate							
• I know the word tone means how light or dark something is.	pressure.							
I know tone can be achieved by applying different amounts	Demonstrate my ability to show different tones of the same colour.							
of pressure when shading.	Compare and make links between my work and the word of Paul Klee.							
• I know that Paul Klee is an artist who used colour and tone in								
his work								
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:							
• I know the word tone means how light or dark something is.	Tone, shading, stained glass, firm, gentle, graduated, gradients, subject matter.							
• I know tone can be achieved by applying different amounts of pressure when								
shading.								
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:							
Colour exploration EYFS	 Adding tone to an observational drawing to create a 3D effect – Y3 							
• Line drawing Y1	Using shading techniques to show light and shadow – Y4							
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:							
Paul Klee	RE – Features of a church							
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):							
The Cat and the Bird, Geraldine Elschner	Barnsley Rotary Club Art Competition							
The Pencil, Allan Ahlberg	Penistone Arts Week							
Henri and the Machine, Isabelle Marinov	Visit to Church in Autumn term							



Year 3: Drawing

Overview of Learning: Children are taught how to bring their drawings to life by a				
	abstract art and create a self portrait in the style of Picasso.			
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)			
Christmas Card	• Sketch out the basic outline from observation, then add shading/colour to create			
• I know the difference between a 2B and a HB pencil and	depth.			
begin to understand the grading levels of drawing pencils.	Shade from dark to light as observed on real objects.			
• I know that hatching and cross hatching are techniques used	Add detail to their drawing using carefully observation.			
to add tone to drawings.				
Self Portrait (Contract Contract Contra				
• I know what abstract art is and the name of some famous	Self Portrait			
abstract artists (Picasso).	Use a drawing guide to place facial features accurately.			
• I know what the word proportion means.	• Draw a self portrait in an abstract style adding colour in a similar way to Picasso.			
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:			
• I know the difference between a 2B and a HB pencil.	2B pencil, HB pencil, lead, cross hatching, shadow, sphere, graduated, outline,			
• I know that hatching and cross hatching are techniques used to add tone to	observe, proportion, abstract.			
drawings.				
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:			
• Self portraits – Y1	Shading (Charcoal) - Y4			
• Exploring tone – Y2	• Tints (Painting) - Y4			
	Landscape Drawing - Y5			
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:			
Pablo Picasso	Self Portrait - PSED - Transition			
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):			
Artist demonstration: how to get ready to draw - National Portrait Gallery	Barnsley Rotary Club Art Competition			
(npg.org.uk)	Penistone Arts Week			
How to Shade a Sphere - Pencil Shading Tutorial (youtube.com)				

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sy	How	То	Draw	an	Abstract	Self	Portrait	and	Coloring	Page
(artp	ojectsfo	rkids	.org)							
Aaron Slater, Illustrator by Andrea Beaty										
<u>Art ar</u>	nd Desig	n: Pa	blo Pica	sso - l	BBC Teach					



Year 4: Drawing									
Overview of Learning: Children are taught that tone can be achieved using different techniques and are able to explore these in their sketchbook before applying them									
to a charcoal drawing. They also learn about African tribal art and apply this to their own art work.									
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)								
Julius Ceaser	Use different shading techniques to show light and shadow effects with charcoal.								
• I know that tone can be achieved using different techniques including; blending	Shade to create a realistic 3D effect.								
graduated shading, hatching, contour hatching, cross hatching and scumbling.									
• I know how to hold and use a piece of charcoal for different effects.									
000									
International Arts Theme Day	International Arts Theme Day								
I know why different tribes in Africa created different	Create their own African inspired tribal art pattern.								
patterns in their art.									
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:								
• I know that tone can be achieved using different techniques.	Charcoal, contour, hatching, scumbling, tribal.								
• I know how to hold and use a piece of charcoal for different effects.									
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:								
• Exploring tone – Y2	Landscape Drawing Y5								
Shading and tone – Y3	Observational Drawing Y6								
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:								
African Tribal Art	History – The Romans								
Charcoal Artists; Dennis Creffield, Kathe Kollwitz, Leon Kossoff (see link below)	Geography – International Arts Day								
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):								
African art patterns for kids (youtube.com)	Barnsley Rotary Club Art Competition								
	Penistone Arts Week								
Top 5 Charcoal Artists - Cowling & Wilcox (cowlingandwilcox.com)									
A History of Pictures for Children by David Hockney									



Year 5: Drawing

Overview of Learning: In preparation for their painting project, children are taught about how to divide a landscape into fore-ground, middle-ground and back-ground.

They complete a self portrait using their prior knowledge of observational drawing but add an abstract element to this. Children also learn about the Pop Art movement and create their own piece of work in this style.

By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)			
Local Landscape (Link to Christmas Card)	Local Landscape (Link to Christmas Card)			
• I know what is meant by the fore-ground, middle-ground and back-ground.	Use thickness of line and depth of tones to create perspective.			
I know what the horizon line is. Self Portrait	Create a landscape drawing from observation showing the fore-ground, middle-ground and back-ground.			
• I know Romero Britto is a Brazillian artist who uses vibrant colours and bold patterns as a visual expression of hope, dreams	Self Portrait			
and happiness.	Choose a colour palette for my piece of work.			
I know how to sketch out my facial features accurately and in the correct place.	Design patterns and add these to my self portrait.			
International Arts Theme Day I can explain the features of Pop Art and name some famous American Pop Artists giving some examples of their work.	International Arts Theme Day • Create a comic book strip style piece of art in the style of Roy Lichtenstein.			
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:			
 I know that tone can be achieved using different techniques. I know how to hold and use a piece of charcoal for different effects. I know Romero Britto is a Brazillian artist. I know how to sketch out my facial features accurately and in the correct place. I can explain the features of Pop Art and name some famous American Pop Artists. 	Fore-ground, middle-ground and back-ground, horizon, depth, vibrant, Pop Art.			
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:			
• Exploring tone – Y2	Christmas card – painting unit Y5			
• Shading and tone – Y3	Observational Drawing Y6			
Charcoal drawing – Y4				



Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:
Romero Britto	Geography – Local Area
Pop Art – Roy Lichtenstein	Geography - Brazil
	International Arts Day
	Self Portrait - PSED - Transition
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):
About Romero Britto Castle Fine Art	Observational Drawing – Local landscape
Romero Britto Colouring Book Castle Fine Art	



Year 6: Drawing

Overview of Learning: Children in year 6 learn about how to measure proportion using the grid method. They create observational pencil sketches in preparation for their Christmas painting. Children are taught how to realistically represent textures in their drawing using shadows and shading to create depth. Children also learn about Japanese Manga art and create a portrait in this style.

about Japanese Manga art and create a portrait in this style.		
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)	
Christmas Foliage (Link to Christmas Card)	Christmas Foliage (Link to Christmas Card)	
Holly, Eucalyptus, Poinsettia, Mistletoe	Realistically represent textures in my drawing	
• I know how to measure proportion and translate this to paper.	Draw shadows accurately to create depth.	
• I know how to use different drawing pencils effectively.	Use a grid method to map out my drawing and show proportion.	
International Arts Theme Day • I know that Manga is immersive storytelling through pictures and the translation of the word Manga is 'pictures run riot'.	International Arts Theme Day • Draw a Japanese Manga portrait.	
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
I know how to measure proportion and translate this to paper.	Fore-ground, middle-ground and back-ground, horizon, depth, colour palette,	
11 1 1 1:00 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	vibrant Dan Art	
 I know how to use different drawing pencils effectively. 	vibrant, Pop Art.	
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
	· '	
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
Direct Links to prior learning: • Shading and tone − Y3	Direct Links to future learning: • Christmas card – Painting Unit Y6	
Direct Links to prior learning: Shading and tone – Y3 Charcoal drawing – Y4	Direct Links to future learning: • Christmas card – Painting Unit Y6	
Direct Links to prior learning: • Shading and tone – Y3 • Charcoal drawing – Y4 • Portrait drawing	Direct Links to future learning: • Christmas card – Painting Unit Y6	
Direct Links to prior learning: • Shading and tone – Y3 • Charcoal drawing – Y4 • Portrait drawing • Observational Drawing	Direct Links to future learning: • Christmas card – Painting Unit Y6 • KS3 Drawing	
Direct Links to prior learning: Shading and tone – Y3 Charcoal drawing – Y4 Portrait drawing Observational Drawing Focus Artists/Movements: Manga Supporting Materials:	Direct Links to future learning: • Christmas card – Painting Unit Y6 • KS3 Drawing Possible Cross Curricular links:	
Direct Links to prior learning: Shading and tone – Y3 Charcoal drawing – Y4 Portrait drawing Observational Drawing Focus Artists/Movements: Manga	Direct Links to future learning: Christmas card — Painting Unit Y6 KS3 Drawing Possible Cross Curricular links: International Arts Day	
Direct Links to prior learning: Shading and tone – Y3 Charcoal drawing – Y4 Portrait drawing Observational Drawing Focus Artists/Movements: Manga Supporting Materials:	Direct Links to future learning: Christmas card – Painting Unit Y6 KS3 Drawing Possible Cross Curricular links: International Arts Day Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	



Nursery: Painting

Overview of Learning: Children are becoming familiar with paint and exploring the tools and resources available to them to make marks and paintings. They are beginning to express themselves creatively through painting and are able to use tools, including a brush, to mix paint in an exploratory way and create a picture that holds meaning to them. Most children are able to talk about their paintings and show pride in their creations.

that holds meaning to them. Most children are able to talk about their paintings and show pride in their creations.		
By the end of Nursery, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of Nursery, children should be able to: (skills)	
• I know where the creative area is and how to use the different resources in	• Explore paint using different objects e.g. rollers, sticks, sponges (N2 SM)	
there. (N2 FM)	 Represent themselves and their family when painting (N2 TM) 	
• I know the names of the different colours I am using to paint with.	Represent familiar objects (family, themselves, animals etc) through	
• I know that an artist is someone who creates art for their job.	independent drawing (N2 FiM)	
	Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express	
	them. (N2 FiM)	
	Create a piece of art in the style of a famous artist.	
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
• I know where the creative area is and how to use the different resources in	Paint, colour, roller, brush, sponge, paper, picture, art, artist.	
there. (N2 FM)		
• I know the names of the different colours I am using to paint with.		
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
Fine and gross motor development	Colour mixing – Reception	
Naming colours	Using painting tools confidently - Reception	
Sensory exploration	• Identifying primary colours – Y1	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
• Children are exposed to a range of artists and art movements through books,	CLL - Story Dough, mark making	
animations and imagery. They also have their own 'Artists Who Inspire Us' book	Maths – Colour sorting	
that they share during learning time which includes artists who work in the 5	• UTW – Family, animals	
mediums; drawing, painting, print, collage, 3D Form.		
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
Mix It Up! Herve Tullet	Visiting author/illustrator	
How to Catch a Rainbow, Naomi Jones		
The Mixed Up Chameleon, Eric Carl		
Colour and Me! Michaela Dias-Hayes		



Reception: Painting

Overview of Learning: Children are given the opportunity to continue to explore colour mixing in a variety of ways. They are able to paint with more control, using a paint brush to add meaningful detail to their paintings and choosing colours appropriately. Children are able to talk about their paintings and explain the process they have used, saying what they like about their work.

By the end of Reception, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of Reception, children should be able to: (skills)
• I know that paint brushes are used to paint. (SM)	• Explore how red, blue and yellow paint can be mixed to make different colours.
• I know that I can paint shapes/marks to represent objects/people. (SM)	(SM)
• I know how to mix paints to make certain colours (TM)	Begin to show some control when using a paint brush (SM)
	• Use particular colours to paint pictures – e.g. Green for a tree (TM)
	• Share their creations, explaining the process they have used (ELG)
	• Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques,
	experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. (ELG)
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:
• I know that paint brushes are used to paint	Powder paint, colour mixing, roller, brush, sponge, paper, picture, art, artist,
• I know that I can paint shapes/marks to represent objects/people. (SM)	easel, gallery.
• I know how to mix paints to make certain colours (TM)	
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:
Colour sorting	• Colour mixing – Y1
Exploring paint using different objects	Naming primary colours – Y1
	Use of a colour wheel – Y2
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:
Children are exposed to a range of artists and art movements through books such	• CLL - Story Dough, mark making
as Matisse's Magical Trail, animations, imagery and theme days. They also have	• UTW – Family, animals, Diwali
their own 'Artists Who Inspire Us' book that they share during learning time which	PSED - Diversity
includes artists who work in the 5 mediums; drawing, painting, print, collage, 3D	
Form.	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):
Mixed! An Inspiring Story About Colour, Aree Chung	Visiting author/illustrator
Remixed! An Inspiring Story About our Families, Aree Chung	
The Colour Monster, Anna Llenas	
 The Dot, Peter H Reynolds The Boy With Flowers in His Hair, Jarvis 	



Year 1: Painting		
Overview of Learning: Children in Year 1 are able to talk about the three primary colours and use them to make some secondary colours. They can mix paint		
independently using the correct amount of water. Children can use paint brushes with increasing skill and accuracy to create a piece of art.		
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)	
• I know what a primary colour is (red, blue, yellow)	Begin to colour mix accurately to make some secondary colours	
I know what a colour wheel is	Mix paint to appropriate consistency	
	Identify and use the primary colours	
	Begin to use a paint brush correctly - protect bristles (not letting the metal	
	touch the paper, enough water to allow the brush to glide, not leaving brush in	
	water pots etc.)	
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
I know what a primary colour is and can name them	Primary colour, colour wheel, palette, easel, gallery.	
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
Exploring colour mixing	• Colour mixing – Y2	
Beginning to show control of a paint brush	• Use of a colour wheel – Y2	
Using particular colours to paint pictures		
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
• Turner – Focus on Painting "The Burning of the Houses of Parliament."	History – The Great Fire of London	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
I am an Artist, Marta Altes	Emergency Services Museum - Sheffield	
 Luna Loves Art, Joseph Coelho 		
 Artists, My First Artists, Big Dreams Little People 		
 Shu Lin's Grandpa by Matt Goodfellow and Yu Rong (Diversity Link) 		



Year 2: Painting		
Overview of Learning: Children can create and talk about a colour wheel, naming the primary and secondary colours. They use paint they have mixed to create		
their own painting, using a paintbrush correctly and with accuracy.		
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)	
I know what a secondary colour is	Colour mix to create secondary colours	
I know what a colour wheel is and can explain clearly how it works	Use a paint brush correctly - protect bristles (not letting the metal touch the	
• I know that Claude Monet was famous for his use of colour in his paintings	paper, enough water to allow the brush to glide, not leaving brush in water pots etc.)	
	Create a colour wheel	
	Create a painting using colours they have mixed themselves	
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
I know what a secondary colour is	Primary colour, secondary colour, colour wheel, palette, easel, gallery, bristles.	
I know what a colour wheel is and can explain clearly how it works		
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
Beginning to mix primary colours to make secondary colours	Using larger brushes for background and small brushes for detail	
	How to use the point or side of a brush to change the line thickness	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
Claude Monet - Impressionism	• Science – Plants	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
The Magic Paintbrush, Julia Donaldson		
Katie and the Waterlilly Pond, James Mayhew		
http://gomersalprimaryschoolart.blogspot.com/2021/10/year-2-colour-mixing-and-monet.html		



Year 3: Painting Overview of Learning: Children are taught how to use different parts of a paintbrush to change line thickness and create different effects. They learn how to use a watercolour tablet and are beginning to understand how to create different tones by adding water. By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge) By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills) • I know how to use the point or side of the brush to change line thickness. • Use larger brushes for background and smaller brushes for detail. • I know how to use a watercolour tablet • Use watercolours to experiment with the tones created when adding more/less water Vocabulary: **Sticky Knowledge:** • I know how to use the point or side of the brush to change line thickness. Primary colour, secondary colour, water colours, palette, bristles, pigment, toe, • I know how to use a watercolour tablet belly, heel (of brush) **Direct Links to prior learning: Direct Links to future learning:** • Colour mixing • Use of tones and tints • Using a colour wheel Using a paint brush correctly **Focus Artists/Movements: Possible Cross Curricular links:** • Claude Monet **Supporting Materials:** Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable): Ella in the Garden of Giverny, Monika Vaicenaviciene



Year 4: Painting		
Overview of Learning: Children are taught how to add white to a colour to create a tint. They use a brush in a variety of ways to create textures.		
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)	
Christmas Card	Mix and use tones and tints	
I know that a tint is created when you add white to a colour	Use the brush in a variety of ways to create texture with marks made.	
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
• I know that a tint is created when you add white to a colour	Tone, tint, texture, shade.	
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
Using paint brush to change line thickness/create detail – Y3	Creating a warm or cool colour palette – Y5	
• Use of watercolour paints to create different tones – Y3	Painting from observation – Y6	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
•	RE – The Nativity	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
Modern Art Explorer by Alice Harman We Are Artists by Kari Herbert		



Year 5: Painting

Teal 3. Fainting		
Overview of Learning: Children use the skills they learnt during their drawing lessons on perspective to plan and create a landscape painting. They develop their		
own palette of colours to create mood in their painting and are inspired by Van Gogh and his painting techniques.		
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)	
 I know what a warm and cool colour palette is I know the painting 'Starry Night' by Van Gogh I know Van Gogh is one of the world's most famous painters 	 Use my preparatory sketches to plan my painting Use a limited colour palette to create a 'mood' in a painting Build on my prior knowledge of tints and tones to create my colour palette Talk about Van Gogh and some of his paintings 	
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
I know what a warm and cool colour palette is	Tone, tint, texture, shade, colour palette, fore-ground, middle-ground and back-	
I know the painting 'Starry Night' by Van Gogh	ground, horizon, depth, stipple.	
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
Mix and use tones and tints – Y4	Represent real objects using appropriate colour theory and brush technique –	
• Use the brush in a variety of ways to create texture with marks made – Y4	Y6	
, .	• Paint without pre-drawn lines – Y6	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
Vincent Van Gogh	Geography – Local landscape	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
KS2 Art and Design: Vincent van Gogh - BBC Teach KS2 Art and Design: Using different painting techniques for effect - BBC Teach		



Year 6: Painting

Overview of Learning: Children will be taught how and given the confidence to point without any pro-drawn lines. Their pointing will reflect their branded as of		
Overview of Learning: Children will be taught how and given the confidence to paint without any pre-drawn lines. Their painting will reflect their knowledge of colour theory, proportion, depth, tone and observational skills. This will result in a high quality piece of art that showcases their accumulated painting skills.		
By the end of this unit, children should <i>know: (knowledge)</i> By the end of this unit, children should <i>know: (knowledge)</i> By the end of this unit, children should be <i>able to: (skills)</i>		
	Use my observational sketches to plan my painting	
I know how to represent real objects using	Paint without any pre-drawn lines	
appropriate colour theory and brush technique	Create a high-quality painted Christmas card	
I know how to use a lightly painted outline rather	Talk about how O'Keefe created close up, large scale, flower paintings	
than a pencil as guidelines	influenced by photography.	
I know Georgia O-Keefe was a significant artist of the		
20 th Century, known for her contribution to modern art.		
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
• I know how to represent real objects using appropriate colour theory and brush	Tone, tint, texture, shade, colour palette, fore-ground, middle-ground and back-	
technique	ground, horizon, depth.	
• I know how to use a lightly painted outline rather than a pencil as guidelines		
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
• Using paint brush to change line thickness/create detail – Y3	KS3 Art -	
Mix and use tones and tints – Y4	To use a range of techniques and media, including painting	
• Use a limited colour palette to create a 'mood' in a painting – Y5	To increase their proficiency in the handling of different materials	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
Georgia O-Keefe	•	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
About Georgia O'Keeffe - The Georgia O'Keeffe Museum (okeeffemuseum.org)		



Nursery: Collage

Overview of Learning: Children are becoming familiar with the creative area and exploring the tools and resources available to them to make pictures. They are beginning to express themselves creatively through the use of simple collage and are able to use resources chosen by themselves to create a picture that holds meaning to them. Children are beginning to use scissors with some control and know how to use glue to attach different materials together.

meaning to them. Children are beginning to use scissors with some control and know how to use glue to attach different materials together.	
By the end of Nursery, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of Nursery, children should be able to: (skills)
• I know where the creative area is and how to use the different resources in	Explore the creative area using the different resources (N2 FM)
there. (N2 FM)	• Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to
I know how to join different materials and explore different textures to create a model/picture. (N2 TM)	use them and what to make. (N2 FiM)
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:
• I know where the creative area is and how to use the different resources in there. (N2 FM)	Scissors, fingers, thumb, cut, snip, material, rough, smooth, glue, collage.
• I know how to join different materials and explore different textures to create a model/picture. (N2 TM)	
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:
Fine and gross motor development	Use different cuttings of materials to make a simple image - Reception
Sensory exploration	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:
• Children are exposed to a range of artists and art movements through books,	CLL - Story Dough, mark making
animations and imagery. They also have their own 'Artists Who Inspire Us' book	PD – Fine motor skills, scissor skills
that they share during learning time which includes artists who work in the 5	Use one-handed tools such as scissors to cut and follow a line. (FiM PD)
mediums; drawing, painting, print, collage, 3D Form.	• UTW - Animals
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):
Miss Mac reads Snail Trail - A journey through Modern Art (youtube.com)	



Reception: Collage

Overview of Learning: Children are becoming familiar with different collage materials and are exploring the tools and resources available to cut and attach materials together. They can express themselves creatively through collage and are able to use scissors, to cut carefully and create a picture that holds meaning to them. Children are able to talk about their work and show pride in their creations.

By the end of Reception, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of Reception, children should be able to: (skills)
 How to explore materials and begin to understand different materials can be 	Talk about what the materials look and feel like (SM)
used in different ways (SM)	Use different cuttings of materials/papers to make a simple image (TM)
 How to use resources such as glue and scissors to create a simple collage. 	Join materials using tape, glue and split pins with support (TM)
	Choose and use different materials for different effects (TM)
	Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills. (FiM)
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:
How to explore materials and begin to understand different materials can be	Scissors, handle, finger, thumb, material, choose, rough, smooth, fabric, paper,
used in different ways (SM)	card, glue, stick, explain, collage, attach.
 How to use resources such as glue and scissors to create a simple collage. 	
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:
Beginning to use tools such as scissors	Using scissors to cut with control
Becoming familiar with creative resources	Choosing appropriate collage materials for a purpose
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:
Children are exposed to a range of artists and art movements through books such	Physical development – Fine motor skills
as Matisse's Magical Trail, animations, imagery and theme days. They also have	Children will develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools
their own 'Artists Who Inspire Us' book that they share during learning time which	competently, safely and confidently (SM)
includes artists who work in the 5 mediums; drawing, painting, print, collage, 3D	
Form.	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):



Y1:	Col	lage	
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Overview of Learning: Children are able to cut with increasing control and choose their own materials from a small selection. They can cut from the edge of their		
chosen material and create a collage using a variety of textures.		
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)	
Great Fire of London	Great Fire of London	
I know how to hold scissors correctly and cut with control	Choose own collage materials for a purpose and explain why they think these	
• I know that Sir Christopher Wren designed The Monument to commemorate the	are appropriate.	
Great Fire of London	Cut from the edge, not the middle, of a chosen material.	
I know what an architect is	Create a collage using a variety of textures	
International Arts Day	Name some other buildings that Sir Christopher Wren designed (St Paul's	
I know how to cut and arrange small pieces of paper in a mosaic to create an animal shape	Cathedral)	
I know that Antoni Gaudi is a Spanish architect and designer	International Arts Day	
famous for his mosaics and buildings in Barcelona.	Create a Spanish mosaic in the style of Gaudi	
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
Great Fire of London	Material, texture, rough, smooth, mosaic, arrange, architect.	
I know how to hold scissors correctly and cut with control		
• I know that Sir Christopher Wren is an architect who designed The Monument to		
commemorate the Great Fire of London		
International Arts Day		
• I know how to cut and arrange small pieces of paper in a mosaic to create an		
animal shape		
I know that Antoni Gaudi is a Spanish architect		
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
Use different cuttings of materials to make a simple image - Reception	How to layer materials so no background in visible – Y2	
	■ Cut along a drawn line – Y2	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
Antoni Gaudi	History – The Great Fire of London	
Sir Christopher Wren	Geography – International Arts Theme Day	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
The Buildings Of Sir Christopher Wren Mapped Londonist	Emergency Services Museum - Sheffield	



Art Lesson w/ Ms. Jennifer: Create a collage like Artist Antoni Gaudí — Blowing	
Rock Art & History Museum (blowingrockmuseum.org)	
Iggy Peck, Architect by Andrea Beatty	



Y2: Collage

Overview of Learning: Children learn how to layer different collage materials to create texture. They are able to use PVA to attach materials together with precision				
and can cut along a drawn line.				
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)			
Biomes - Geography	Biomes - Geography			
I know how to layer materials so no background	Use PVA glue and a spreader precisely			
is visible is visible	Cut along a drawn line			
Self Portraits	Self Portraits			
I know how to layer materials so no background is visible	Use PVA glue and a spreader precisely			
I know who Giuseppe Arcimboldo is and can describe his work	Cut along a drawn line			
	Select shapes carefully to suit a purpose			
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:			
I know how to layer materials so no background is visible	Material, layer, background, coverage, precise, select, apply.			
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:			
Choose own collage materials for a purpose and explain why they are	• How to use different shades of colour in a collage to create tone – Y3			
appropriate – Y1	Create texture by folding, rolling, ripping – Y3			
Create a collage using a variety of textures – Y1				
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:			
Mano Kellner	Geography – Biomes			
	Self Portrait - PSED - Transition			
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):			
Dioramas with Kids // Inspired by Artist Mano Kellner - ARTBAR (artbarblog.com)	Comparisons with local environment			



Y3:	Col	lage
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Overview of Learning: Children are taught how to create tone in their collage by using a range of different shades of the same colour material. They can cut along a			
drawn line accurately and are able to use a variety of techniques to create texture.			
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)		
Remembrance Poppies	Remembrance Poppies		
I know how to use different shades of colour in my collage to	Cut along a drawn line accurately		
create tone	Create texture by rolling, folding, ripping materials		
I know how to carefully attached the red and green materials to	Create a sun catcher style collage of a poppy to celebrate Remembrance		
the black outline/frame	Create texture by rolling, folding, ripping materials		
International Arts Day	International Arts Day		
I know that the Mola quilt originates from Panama and Colombia and is a type of textile art.	Create a felt collage in the style of a Mola quilt		
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:		
I know how to use different shades of colour in my collage to create tone	Overlap, layer, outline, tone, roll, tear, accurately, transparent.		
I know how to carefully attached the red and green materials to the black			
outline/frame			
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:		
• Cut along a drawn line – Y2	Cut a variety of different lines – Y3		
• Use PVA glue and a spreader precisely – Y2	Work on top of a 2D image to create a 3D effect -Y3		
Know how to layer materials so no background is visible -Y2			
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:		
Mola Art	History – Remembrance Project		
	Geography – International Arts Day		
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			



Y4: Collage

Overview of Learning: In year 4, children create a mixed media Christmas card which encompasses both painting and collage techniques. They are taught how to draw their own outline and cut around it accurately to create a silhouette on top of their painting. They look at the work of Rob Ryan and identify similarities with their own work.

their own work.				
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)			
Christmas Card	Christmas Card			
I know what a silhouette is				
I know how to draw a silhouette of a person	 Work on top of a 2D image to create a 3D effect with collage 			
	 Choose the collage technique to suit the desired texture 			
	• Cut a variety of different lines e.g. straight, curved, zigzag, accurately.			
	• I can choose a favourite piece of Rob Ryan's work and say what I like about it			
• I know Rob Ryan is famous for his papercut art work				
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:			
• I know what a silhouette is	Silhouette, overlay, layer, outline, tone, texture, curve, papercutting, laser.			
• I know Rob Ryan is famous for his papercut art work				
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:			
 ◆ Cut along a drawn line accurately – Y3 	• I know how to use a variety of collage techniques to create a self-portrait -Y6			
 Create texture by rolling, folding, ripping materials – Y3 				
• I know how to use different shades of colour in my collage to create tone – Y3				
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:			
Rob Ryan	RE - Nativity			
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):			
- Rob Ryan (robryanstudio.com)				



Y6: Collage				
Overview of Learning: Children be taught how to bring together the knowledge and skills they have acquired and use these techniques to create a high quality				
storytelling collage self-portrait. They will be selective in the materials they use and ensure their finished piece is proportionally accurate.				
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)			
Self Portrait – Storytelling Collage	Self Portrait			
I know how to use a variety of collage techniques to create a				
self-portrait.	Create a proportionally accurate self-portrait using a variety of collage			
I know how to plan out my picture first and be selective about	materials including elements of a photograph.			
the images and materials I use, choosing visual imagery that				
reflects my personality.				
	March Iv			
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:			
• I know how to use a variety of collage techniques to create a self-portrait	Collage, mixed media, layer, apply, colour theory, high relief, photograph,			
	proportion, shape, layer.			
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:			
• Work on top of a 2D image to create a 3D effect with collage – Y5	KS3 Art -			
• Cut a variety of different lines e.g. straight, curved, zigzag, accurately – Y5	To use a range of techniques and media			
• I know how to use different shades of colour in my collage to create tone – Y3	To increase their proficiency in the handling of different materials			
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:			
Ben Giles	PSED - Transition			
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):			
Artist demonstration: how to create a storytelling portrait using collage - National				
Portrait Gallery (npg.org.uk)				
Ben Lewis Giles: collage, hand made, retro, vintage, editorial, photo illustration,				
paper engineering, abstract, conceptual - Artists - Debut Art				
Cut Paper Pictures: Turn Your Art and Photos into Personalized Collages by				
Rockpoint				



Nursery: Printing

Overview of Learning: Children are becoming familiar with paint and exploring the tools and resources available to them to make marks and prints. They are beginning to express themselves creatively and are able to use tools, including rollers, sponges, corks, fruit, vegetables and natural objects to print both in an exploratory way and to achieve a specific outcome. Most children are able to talk about their prints and show pride in their creations.

By the end of Nursery, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of Nursery, children should be able to: (skills)			
• I know how to dip an object in paint, move it to the paper and apply pressure to	• Explore different materials freely in order to develop their ideas about how to			
create a print.	use them and what to make. (N2 FiM)			
• I know the print will be the same shape as the object I have used to create it	• Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. (N2 FiM)			
	• Explore paint using different objects e.g. rollers, sticks, sponges, shapes (N1 SM)			
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:			
• I know how to dip an object in paint, move it to the paper and apply pressure to	Print, paint, press, tray, pattern, circle, square, printing			
create a print.				
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:			
Fine and gross motor development	Print independently to create a pattern or image			
Colour knowledge				
Sensory development				
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:			
• Children are exposed to a range of artists and art movements through books	Maths – 2D shapes, colour sorting			
such as Matisse's Magical Trail, animations, imagery and theme days. They also				
have their own 'Artists Who Inspire Us' book that they share during learning time				
which includes artists who work in the 5 mediums; drawing, painting, print,				
collage, 3D Form.				
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):			



Reception: Printing				
Overview of Learning:				
By the end of Reception, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of Reception, children should be able to: (skills)			
• I know how to create a picture using different printing resources	• Use objects/tools to print with to create a pattern or image with support (SM)			
• I know I can repeat the same image many times using one object	Print independently to create a pattern or image (FiM)			
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:			
• I know how to create a picture using different printing resources	Print, object, paint, press, tray, pattern, circle, square, triangle, rectangle, shape, printing, tool.			
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:			
 Explore paint using different objects e.g. rollers, sticks, sponges, shapes (N1 SM) Explore different materials freely in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. (N2 FiM) Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. (N2 FiM) 	• Select objects to print from for their shape – Y1			
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:			
Children are exposed to a range of artists and art movements through books such	UTW – Welly Wander – Leaf printing/Seasonal change			
as Matisse's Magical Trail, animations, imagery and theme days. They also have	• Maths – 2D shape			
their own 'Artists Who Inspire Us' book that they share during learning time which	• PD – Fine motor skills			
includes artists who work in the 5 mediums; drawing, painting, print, collage, 3D				
Form.				
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):			



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Overview of Learning: Children are taught how to print with more accuracy and are able to choose an appropriate object to achieve a specific outcome. They know				
how to use the resources independently to achieve a good result.				
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)			
 Remembrance Project I know how to print a poppy using an appropriate size/shape object I know how to use the print resources to achieve the best result possible 	 Print independently using a variety of objects (bottle cap, cork, sponge, potato) Select objects to print from for their shape 			
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:			
• I know how to print a poppy using an appropriate size/shape object	Print, object, paint, press, tray, pattern, circular, shape, printing, tool, exact, pressure.			
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:			
 Use objects/tools to print with to create a pattern or image with support (SM) - Reception Print independently to create a pattern or image (FiM) - Reception 	Create own printing block – Y2			
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:			
•	History - Remembrance			
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):			
	Remembrance art work displayed locally in Tesco			
	Children study Penistone War Memorial			



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Overview of Learning: Children are taught how to create their own printing block to represent a Remembrance poppy. They learn how to roll out the ink/paint in a			
tray and apply this to the block. The final piece shows children are able to achieve a clean finish.			
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)		
 Remembrance Project I know how to use a print roller and tray I know how to make my poppy printing block I know how to use my printing block to create a repeated image 	 Create own design of a printing block with string Apply a thin layer of ink/paint to a tray using a printing roller Keep the background clean and apply paint carefully to the block to allow for a clean/crisp finish 		
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:		
 I know how to use a print roller and tray I know how to make my poppy printing block 	Printmaker, subject matter, block, roller, layer, crisp, even, reprint		
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:		
Print independently using a variety of objects (bottle cap, cork, sponge, potato)	I know how to create a mono print		
Select objects to print from for their shape	• I can prepare the ink and tape my paper down to ensure it doesn't mo		
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:		
Samantha Groom	History - Remembrance		
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):		
About Me Samantha Groom Printmaker Sheffield Samantha Groom	Remembrance art work displayed locally in Tesco		



Year 4: Printing		
Overview of Learning: Children are taught how to create a mono-print using a photograph of themselves. They learn how to prepare the resources and use them		
create a clean finish. They use their line drawing skills and knowledge to carefully trace over their image, adding texture where appropriate.		
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)	
Self-Portraits	Prepare the ink and tape my paper down to ensure it doesn't move	
I know how to create a mono-print	Trace carefully over the photo only applying pressure on the lines they are	
I know how to use the resources correctly to achieve a	wanting to print	
'clean' finish		
Sticky Knowledge	Vocahulanu	
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
I know how to create a mono-print	Self-portrait, mono print, reprint, finish,	
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
Create own design of a printing block with string	Create texture by scraping in lines or patterns	
Apply a thin layer of ink/paint to a tray using a printing roller	How to prep and care for a block	
Keep the background clean and apply paint carefully to the block to allow for a	Apply depth of colour using a sponge	
clean/crisp finish		
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
Marc Chagall	PSED - Transition	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
How to Create a Mono Print		
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k5lcn69M0V8		
The prints of Marc Chagall Christie's (christies.com)		



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Overview of Learning: In year 5, children are taught how to create their own block using poly-tiles. They use a selection of tools to scrape lines into the tile and		
learn how to 'ink up' their block using a roller. A sponge is used to add colour in select areas of the block to create depth.		
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge) By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)		
 Remembrance Project I know how to create texture by scraping in lines or patterns I know how to ink up using rollers, applying the appropriate amount of ink to get a bold print but not to slip or smudge the detail with too much ink I know how to prep and care for a block so as to be able to re-use it a number of times 	Create own printing blocks using poly-tiles Apply depth of colour with a sponge	
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
 I know how to create texture by scraping in lines or patterns I know how to ink up using rollers, applying the appropriate amount of ink to get a bold print but not to slip or smudge the detail with too much ink 	Ink up, relief, block, reprint, scrape, bold, depth	
Direct Links to prior learning: Direct Links to future learning:		
 Prepare the ink and tape my paper down to ensure it doesn't move Trace carefully over the photo only applying pressure on the lines they are wanting to print 	How to create a screen print	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
•	History - Remembrance	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
polystyrene print 1 (youtube.com)	Remembrance art work displayed in TescoStaff CPD – Printing Workshop	



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Year 6: Printing Overview of Learning: In year 6, children will learn the method of screen printing. They will design and create a simple stencil and then use this to screen print their		
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)	
I know how a screen print works	Apply ink using a squeegee	
I know how to create a stencil	Use stencils to apply at least two different colour layers	
I know Andy Warhol was a leading figure in the Pop Art Movement	• Talk about the work of Andy Warhol, commenting on his use of colour and	
I know what is mean by an 'Art Movement'	media.	
·		
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
I know how a screen print works	Screen print, squeegee, stencil, simplify, transfer, Pop Art	
I know how to create a stencil		
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
Create own printing blocks using poly-tiles – Y5	KS3 Art -	
How to prep and care for a block – Y5	To use a range of techniques and media	
	To increase their proficiency in the handling of different materials	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
Andy Warhol	History – The Battle of Britain	
• Pop Art		
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
Elementary Art - How to Screen Print a T-Shirt (easy stencil method)	Staff CPD – Printing Workshop	
(youtube.com)		



Nursery: 3D Form		
Overview of Learning: Children are using resources from the creative area to create junk models. They can attach items together using tape and glue and can decorate their models. They are also exploring 3D form in the dough area, creating models of familiar objects or people.		
By the end of Nursery, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of Nursery, children should be able to: (skills)	
• I know how to join different materials and explore different textures to create a model/picture. (N2 TM)	 Explore the creative area using the different resources (N2 FM) Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. (N2 FiM) Have free choice of junk box modelling to create own representations of objects/people (N2 FiM) 	
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
 I know where the creative area is and how to use the different resources in there. (N2 FM) I know different objects can be used to draw – pencil, pens, chalk. (N2 TM) 	Dough, roll, squash, stick, glue, fix.	
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
 Fine and gross motor development Spatial awareness 	• Evaluate and adapt their creations with support, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
• Children are exposed to a range of artists and art movements through books such as Matisse's Magical Trail, animations, imagery and theme days. They also have their own 'Artists Who Inspire Us' book that they share during learning time which includes artists who work in the 5 mediums; drawing, painting, print, collage, 3D Form.	 CLL - Story Dough UTW - Families, Plants and animals 	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
Clay - Early Education (early-education.org.uk)	Penistone Sheep Art Trail	



Reception: 3D Form

Overview of Learning: Children in Reception are developing their fine motor skills and are taught how to create 3D forms using dough, clay and salt dough. They also have access to a range of junk modelling resources and a given the opportunity to access this during continuous provision. Through guided creative tasks children are taught how to plan their model, attach and fix objects together and are asked to talk about the finished product, describing how they have made it and how they would change it.

how they would change it.	
By the end of Reception, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of Reception, children should be able to: (skills)
How to explore materials and begin to understand different materials can be	Talk about what the materials look and feel like (SM)
used in different ways (SM)	• Join materials using tape, glue and split pins with support (TM)
 How to use resources such as glue and scissors to create a simple model. 	Choose and use different materials for different effects (TM)
	Evaluate and adapt their creations with support, refining ideas and developing
	their ability to represent them. (FiM)
	Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills. (FiM)
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:
How to explore materials and begin to understand different materials can be	Dough, clay, roll, rolling pin, pinch, squash, stick, glue, fix, attach.
used in different ways (SM)	
How to use resources such as glue and scissors to create a simple model.	
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:
• Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to	How to use clay tools to add texture
use them and what to make. (N2 FiM)	Mould clay into different shapes
Have free choice of junk box modelling to create own representations of	
objects/people (N2 FiM)	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:
Children are exposed to a range of artists and art movements through books	• UTW – Animals, habitats, vehicles, people who help us.
such as Matisse's Magical Trail, animations, imagery and theme days. They also	• PD – Fine Motor Skills
have their own 'Artists Who Inspire Us' book that they share during learning time	Writing – Fine Motor Skills
which includes artists who work in the 5 mediums; drawing, painting, print,	
collage, 3D Form.	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):
Articles - The Foundation Stage Forum (FSF) - Home of Early Years Foundation	Penistone Sheep Art Trail
Stage (eyfs.info)	



Y1: 3D Form Overview of Learning: Children are taught how to manipulate clay using their hands to create a 3D sculpture. They learn how mould the clay into different shapes and how to add simple details using clay tools. By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge) By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills) • I know how to use my hands to shape the clay • Mould clay into different shapes • I know how to use clay tools to add texture • Make a simple 3D sculpture Sticky Knowledge: Vocabulary: Clay, roll, rolling pin, pinch, squash, mould, 3D, palms, carve, sculpt. • I know how to use my hands to shape the clay • I know how to use clay tools to add texture **Direct Links to prior learning: Direct Links to future learning:** • Evaluate and adapt their creations with support, refining ideas and developing • Create a pinch pot from a ball of clay their ability to represent them. (FiM) • I know how to use my fingers manipulate a ball of clay into a small pot • Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills. (FiM) **Focus Artists/Movements: Possible Cross Curricular links:** • Barbara Hepworth • RE - Nativity • Writing - Fine Motor Skills • Science - Materials Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable): **Supporting Materials:** • The Hepworth Gallery - Wakefield 3D art and how to sculpt - BBC Bitesize - Introduction to different 3D forms Artist Barbara Hepworth - The Hepworth Wakefield

How To Make A Pinch Pot - YouTube



Y2: 3D Form			
Overview of Learning: Children are taught how to make a pinch pot from a ball of clay. They learn how to manipulate the clay carefully to create a pot that's edge			
will stand up and can be used to hold small objects. The children will decorate their pot using clay tools with traditional aboriginal patterns.			
By the end of this	unit, children should <i>know: (knowledge)</i>	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)	
	International Arts Day	Create a pinch pot from a ball of clay	
-	 I know how to use my fingers manipulate a ball 	Add aboriginal patterns, using clay tools, to decorate my pot.	
The American	of clay into a small pot		
County .	 I know what the different types of aboriginal art 		
	are		
Sticky Knowledge:		Vocabulary:	
I know how to use my fingers manipulate a ball of clay into a small pot		Mould, manipulate, pinch, pattern, aboriginal, imprint.	
• I can give examples of some	·		
	-		
Direct Links to prior l	earning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
Mould clay into different sh	apes	Create figures in clay	
Make a simple 3D sculpture	2	Attach clay to clay using slip	
Focus Artists/Movem	ents:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
Aboriginal Art		Geography – International Arts Day	
Supporting Materials	:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
The Story of Aboriginal Art			
https://www.aboriginal-art-a	ustralia.com/aboriginal-art-library/the-story-of-		
aboriginal-art/			



Y3: 3D Form		
Overview of Learning: In year 3 children make a Stone Age figure out of clay. They use slip to attach the pieces together, scoring the area first before applying. Thei		
figure will show movement and they will be inspired by Stone Age cave paintings.		
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)	
I know what slip is and how to use it	Plan my sculpture thinking carefully about the elements I want to include	
I know how to score the clay before applying the slip	Create figures using clay with some reference to their movement	
• I know about the different ways Stone Age art was created	Attach clay to clay using slip	
	Use Stone Age cave art to inspire my sculpture	
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:	
I know what slip is and how to use it	Figure, slip, sculpt, sculpture, score	
I know how to score the clay before applying the slip		
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:	
• Create a pinch pot from a ball of clay – Y2	Create and cut around a template – Y4	
 Add aboriginal patterns, using clay tools, to decorate my pot – Y2 	Add fine detail using clay tools – Y4	
	How to mould clay using a bowl or cup – Y4	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:	
Henri Moore	History – The Stone Age	
	Science – Biology – Parts of the Body	
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):	
KS1 / KS2 Art and Design: Making sculptures from dry materials and clay - BBC	Yorkshire Sculpture Park – Henry Moore Sculptures	
Teach (Skip to 3m20s)		



Y4: 3D Form

Overview of Learning: Children are taught how to use a template to create pieces for their sculpture and then join them together using slip they have made themselves. They learn how to roll the clay to an appropriate thickness and then how to mould the shape they have created using a bowl or cup. Before the clay dries children can add finer detail using a clay tool.

By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)
Remembrance Project	Use slip to add decorative pieces
 I know how to make my own slip 	Create and cut around a petal template in clay
I know how to roll clay to an appropriate thickness	Add detail using a clay tool
I know how to mould clay using a cup/bowl Red Ted Art	
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:
I know how to make my own slip	Slip, sculpt, sculpture, score, template, decorative, mould
I know how to roll clay to an appropriate thickness	
I know how to mould clay using a cup/bowl	
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:
 Create figures using clay with some reference to their movement 	 Talk about my model in detail and reflect on how I created it – Y5
Attach clay to clay using slip	
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:
Phoebe Cummings	History - Remembrance
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):
Clay Flower Bowls (June 2014) – Hannah's Art Club (wordpress.com)	Remembrance art work displayed locally in Tesco



Y5: 3D Form

Overview of Learning: Children learn how to create a 3D sculpture of the Parthenon using art straws. They will begin by planning out their model, including the shapes they wish to include. They will then be taught how to join and manipulate the materials in order to create a solid structure. Children will learn about trial and error in the making process and be able to problem solve to overcome any issues that may arise. Once they have created their model they will add detail and carry out an evaluation.

carry out an evaluation.	5 de 1 (101)
By the end of this unit, children should know: (knowledge)	By the end of this unit, children should be able to: (skills)
• I know what the Greek Parthenon looked like	Replicate the shape and detail of the Parthenon in my model
• I know how to join the pieces of my sculpture effectively to create a solid frame	Talk about my model in detail and reflect on how I created it.
Sticky Knowledge:	Vocabulary:
• I know how to join the pieces of my sculpture effectively to create a solid frame	Parthenon, columns, temple, join, attach, architecture, ancient, structure, two
	dimensional, three dimensional, perpendicular.
Direct Links to prior learning:	Direct Links to future learning:
 Plan my sculpture thinking carefully about the elements I want to include – Y3 	KS3 Art -
	To use a range of techniques and media
	To increase their proficiency in the handling of different materials
Focus Artists/Movements:	Possible Cross Curricular links:
Ancient Greek Architecture	History – Ancient Greece
	• DT
	Maths – Shape, Space and Measure
Supporting Materials:	Local links/Visits/Visitors (where applicable):
ArtStraw Architecture - Lesson Plan (youtube.com)	Local structures e.g. Penistone Church, Meadowhall, York Minster